

DBS GROUP HOLDINGS LTD AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

SUMMARISED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the year ended 31 December 2020

The summarised financial information contains only a summary of the full financial statements of DBS Group Holdings and its subsidiaries (the Group) and DBS Bank Ltd. (the Bank). This may not comprise sufficient information to allow for a full understanding of the results and state of affairs of the Group and the Bank. For further information, please refer to the complete set of audited financial statements, the respective auditor's reports and the directors' statements. These are available on the DBS website – www.dbs.com/investors.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DBS GROUP HOLDINGS LTD

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of DBS Group Holdings Ltd (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") and the balance sheet of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020 and of the consolidated financial performance, the consolidated changes in equity and the consolidated cash flows of the Group for the financial year ended on that date.

What we have audited

The financial statements of the Company and the Group comprise:

- the consolidated income statement of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020;
- the balance sheets of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2020;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group for the year then ended;
- the consolidated cash flow statement of the Group for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code.

Our audit approach

Overview

Materiality

• We determined the overall Group materiality based on 5% of the Group's profit before tax.

Group scoping

- Full scope audit procedures were performed over the Singapore Operations of DBS Bank Ltd. and DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited ("significant components").
- We identified DBS Bank Ltd. Hong Kong, Taipei and Seoul Branches, DBS Bank (China) Limited, PT Bank DBS Indonesia,
 DBS Bank (Taiwan) Ltd and DBS Bank India Limited as component entities where certain account balances were
 considered to be significant in size in relation to the Group ("other components"). Consequently, specific audit procedures
 for the significant account balances of these components were performed to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit
 evidence.

Key audit matters

- Specific allowances for loans and advances to customers
- General allowances for credit losses (Stage 1 and 2 Expected Credit Loss)
- Goodwil
- Valuation of financial instruments held at fair value

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the accompanying financial statements. In particular, we considered where management made subjective judgements; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including, among other matters, consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

Materiality

The scope of our audit was influenced by our application of materiality. An audit is designed to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the consolidated financial statements.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined certain quantitative thresholds for materiality, including the overall group materiality for the consolidated financial statements as a whole, as set out in the table below. These, together with qualitative considerations, helped us to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and to evaluate the effect of misstatements, both individually and on the financial statements as a whole.

How we determined overall Group materiality	5% of the Group's profit before tax
Rationale for benchmark applied	 We chose 'profit before tax' as, in our view, it is the benchmark against which performance of the Group is most commonly measured. We selected 5% based on our professional judgement, noting that it is also within the range of commonly accepted profit-related thresholds.

In performing our audit, we allocated materiality levels to the significant components and other components of the Group. These are less than the overall Group materiality.

How we developed the audit scope

We tailored the scope of our audit in order to perform sufficient work to enable us to provide an opinion on the financial statements as a whole, taking into account the structure of the Group, the accounting processes and controls, and the industry in which the Group operates. The Group's financial reporting process is dependent on its Information Technology ("IT") systems. Our audit scope included testing the operating effectiveness of the controls over the integrity of key financial data processed through the IT systems that are relevant to financial reporting.

In establishing the overall Group audit approach, we determined the extent of audit procedures that were needed to be performed across the Group by us or by other PwC network firms, operating under our instruction, who are familiar with the local laws and regulations in each respective territory, (the "component auditors"). Where the work was performed by component auditors, we determined the level of involvement we needed to have in the procedures to be able to conclude whether sufficient and appropriate audit evidence had been obtained as a basis for our opinion on the financial statements as a whole.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter

Specific allowances for loans and advances to customers

As at 31 December 2020, the specific allowances for loans and advances to customers of the Group was \$2,692 million, the majority of which related to Institutional Banking Group ("IBG") customers. Specific allowances refer to loss allowances for credit-impaired exposures (i.e. Stage 3, per SFRS (I) 9). Expected Credit Losses ("ECL") on non-impaired exposures (i.e. Stage 1 and Stage 2) is set out under the 'General allowances for credit losses' key audit matter.

We focused on this area because of the subjective judgements used by management in determining the necessity for, and estimating the size of, allowances against loans and advances.

In particular, we focused on specific allowances for loans and advances to IBG customers because any assessment of impairment can be inherently subjective and involves significant judgement over both the timing of recognition of any impairment and the estimation of the size of such impairment. This includes:

- the principal assumptions underlying the calculation of specific allowances for loans and advances to IBG customers where there is evidence of impairment losses (including the future profitability of the borrowers and the expected realisable value of collateral held); and
- the classification of loans and advances in line with MAS Notice 612 ("MAS 612").

We applied judgement in selecting samples focused on borrowers with exposures to certain sectors in view of continued heightened credit risks and the effects of the Covid-19 pandemic impacting the portfolio.

(Refer also to Notes 3 and 18 to the financial statements.)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We assessed the design and evaluated the operating effectiveness of the controls over the specific allowances for loans and advances to IBG customers. These controls included:

- oversight of credit risk by the Group Credit Risk Committee;
- timely management review of credit risk;
- the watchlist identification and monitoring process;
- · timely identification of impairment events;
- classification of loans and advances in line with MAS 612; and
- the collateral monitoring and valuation processes.

We determined that we could rely on these controls for the purposes of our audit.

We inspected a sample of loans and advances to IBG customers to assess whether the classification of the loans and advances was in line with MAS 612 and, where there was evidence of an impairment loss, whether it had been identified in a timely manner. This included, where relevant, how forbearance had been considered, with particular focus on the impact of Covid-19.

Where impairment had been identified, for a sample of loans and advances, our work included:

- considering the latest developments in relation to the borrower;
- examining the forecasts of future cash flows prepared by management, including key assumptions in relation to the amount and timing of recoveries;
- comparing the collateral valuation and other sources of repayment to support the calculation of the impairment against external evidence, where available, including independent valuation reports;
- challenging management's assumptions; and
- testing the calculations.

For a sample of performing loans and advances to IBG customers which had not been identified by management as potentially impaired, considering the latest developments in relation to the borrower, we challenged management's assumptions on whether their classification was appropriate, using external evidence where available in respect of the relevant borrower.

Based on procedures performed, we have assessed that the aggregate specific allowance for loans and advances is appropriate.

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

General allowances for credit losses (Stage 1 and 2 Expected Credit Loss)

SFRS(I) 9 Financial Instruments ("SFRS(I) 9") requires an ECL impairment model which takes into account forward-looking information to reflect potential future economic events. In estimating ECL over future time periods, significant judgement is required. Further, the Covid-19 pandemic has meant assumptions regarding economic outlook, and the consequent impact on the Group's customers, are uncertain, increasing the degree of judgement required.

We focused on the Group's measurement of general allowances on non-impaired exposures (\$4,312 million). This covers both 'Stage 1' exposures (where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk), and 'Stage 2' exposures (where a significant increase in credit risk has been observed). The ECL framework implemented by the Group involves significant judgement and assumptions that relate to, amongst others:

- adjustments to the Group's Basel credit models and parameters;
- use of forward-looking and macro-economic information;
- estimates for the expected lifetime of revolving credit facilities;
- assessment of significant increase in credit risk; and
- post model adjustments to account for limitations in the ECL models, for example the risk to the credit portfolio from the current Covid-19 pandemic.

(Refer also to Notes 3 and 11 to the financial statements.)

We critically assessed management's assumptions and estimates relating to Stage 1 and Stage 2 ECL for retail and non-retail portfolios as at 31 December 2020. This included assessing refinements in methodologies made during the year.

We tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls focusing on:

- involvement of governance committees, in reviewing and approving certain forward-looking macroeconomic assumptions, including post model adjustments which reflect the unprecedented and higher uncertainty in credit outlook as a result of Covid-19;
- completeness and accuracy of external and internal data inputs into the ECL calculations; and
- accuracy and timeliness of allocation of exposures into Stage 1 and Stage 2 based on quantitative and qualitative triggers.

The Group's internal experts continue to perform independent model validation of selected aspects of the Group's ECL methodologies and assumptions each year. We reviewed their results as part of our work.

We also involved specialists to review the ECL of selected credit portfolios to assess if the methodologies and estimates are appropriate.

Through the course of our work, we challenged the rationale and calculation basis of post model adjustments. We also assessed the reasonableness of certain forward-looking economic inputs, as well as the overall ECL output, in light of credit conditions that may be expected to arise from the impact of Covid-19.

Overall, we concluded that the Group's ECL on non-impaired exposures is appropriate.

Goodwill

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had \$5,323 million of goodwill as a result of acquisitions.

We focused on this area as management makes significant judgements in estimating future cash flows when undertaking its annual goodwill impairment assessment.

The key assumptions used in the discounted cash flow analyses relate to:

- cash flow forecasts;
- discount rate; and
- long-term growth rate.

(Refer also to Notes 3 and 27 to the financial statements.)

We assessed the appropriateness of management's identification of the Group's cash generating units and the process by which indicators of impairment were identified.

During the year, the Group recorded goodwill of \$153 million following its acquisition of Lakshmi Vilas Bank. This amount is based on a provisional estimate of fair values of assets and liabilities acquired and may change as the Group refines its estimates in 2021. We have reviewed and assessed the basis of calculating this amount as at 31 December 2020.

For DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited's franchise (goodwill of \$4,631 million as at 31 December 2020), we evaluated management's cash flow forecasts and the process by which they were developed. Together with valuation specialists in our team, we assessed discount rate and growth rate assumptions against the Group's own historical performance and available external industry and economic indicators.

We reviewed management's sensitivity analysis over the key assumptions to determine whether any reasonably possible change in these assumptions would result in an impairment, and also performed our own stress analysis based on the circumstances in Hong Kong and considering the market outlook given the current Covid-19 pandemic.

We concur with management's assessment that goodwill balances are not impaired as at 31 December 2020.

Key audit matter

Valuation of financial instruments held at fair value

Financial instruments held by the Group at fair value include derivative assets and liabilities, trading securities, certain debt instruments and other assets and liabilities designated at fair value.

The Group's financial instruments are predominantly valued using quoted market prices ('Level 1') or market observable prices ('Level 2'). The valuations of 'Level 3' instruments rely on significant unobservable inputs.

We considered the overall valuation of financial instruments (Level 1, 2 and 3) to be a key audit matter given the financial significance to the Group, the nature of the underlying products and the estimation involved to determine fair value.

In determining fair value, management also make adjustments to recognise credit risk, funding costs, bid-offer spreads and, in some cases, parameter and model risk limitations. This is broadly consistent with the banking industry, albeit the methodology to calculate some of these adjustments is continuing to evolve.

(Refer also to Notes 3 and 41 to the financial statements.)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We assessed the design and tested the operating effectiveness of the controls over the Group's financial instruments valuation processes. These included the controls over:

- management's testing and approval of new models and revalidation of existing models;
- the completeness and accuracy of pricing data inputs into valuation models;
- monitoring of collateral disputes; and
- governance mechanisms and monitoring over the valuation processes (including derivative valuation adjustments) by the Group Market and Liquidity Risk Committee and the Group Valuation Committee.

We determined that we could rely on the controls for the purposes of our audit. In addition, we:

- engaged our own specialists to use their own models and input sources to determine an independent estimate of fair value for a sample of the Group's Level 1 and Level 2 financial instruments. We compared these to the Group's calculations of fair value to assess individual material valuation differences or systemic bias;
- assessed the reasonableness of the methodologies used and the assumptions made for a sample of financial instrument valuations with significant unobservable valuation inputs (Level 3 instruments);
- performed procedures on collateral disputes to identify possible indicators of inappropriate valuations;
- performed tests of inputs and assessed the methodology over fair value adjustments, in light of available market data and industry trends; and
- considered the implications of global reforms to Interest Reference Rates ("IBOR Reform") in our assessment of fair value.

Overall, we considered that the valuation of financial instruments held at fair value was within a reasonable range of outcomes.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Statement (but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon), which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, and the other sections of the Annual Report ("the Other Sections") which are expected to be made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the Other Sections, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate actions in accordance with SSAs.

Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SFRS(I)s, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors, have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Antony Eldridge.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Singapore, 9 February 2021

Audited Consolidated Income Statement

For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

In \$ millions	2020	2019
Interest income	12,208	15,592
Interest expense	3,132	5,967
Net interest income	9,076	9,625
Net fee and commission income	3,058	3,052
Net trading income	1,405	1,459
Net income from investment securities	963	334
Other income	90	74
Non-interest income	5,516	4,919
Total income	14,592	14,544
Employee benefits	3,550	3,514
Other expenses	2,608	2,744
Total expenses	6,158	6,258
Profit before allowances	8,434	8,286
Allowances for credit and other losses	3,066	703
Profit before tax	5,368	7,583
Income tax expense	612	1,154
Net profit	4,756	6,429
Attributable to:		
Shareholders	4,721	6,391
Non-controlling interests	35	38
	4,756	6,429
Basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share (\$)	1.81	2.46

Audited Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

In \$ millions	2020	2019
Net profit	4,756	6,429
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to		
income statement:		
Translation differences for foreign operations	(65)	(175)
Other comprehensive income of associates	(11)	1
Gains/ (losses) on debt instruments classified at fair value through		
other comprehensive income and others		
Net valuation taken to equity	1,215	933
Transferred to income statement	(636)	(403)
Taxation relating to components of other comprehensive income	(41)	(58)
Items that will not be reclassified to income statement:		
Gains/ (losses) on equity instruments classified at fair value through		
other comprehensive income (net of tax)	(225)	136
Fair value change from own credit risk on financial liabilities	. ,	
designated at fair value (net of tax)	25	(63)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	262	371
Total comprehensive income	5,018	6,800
Attributable to:		
Shareholders	4,983	6,761
Non-controlling interests	35	39
	5,018	6,800

Audited Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2020

Assets Cash and balances with central banks 50,618 26,362 Government securities and treasury bills 51,700 49,729 Due from banks 50,867 39,336 Derivatives 31,108 17,235 Bank and corporate securities 65,456 63,746 Loans and advances to customers 371,171 357,884 Other assets 19,495 15,424 Associates 862 835 Properties and other fixed assets 862 835 Goodwill and intangibles 3,338 3,225 Goodwill and intangibles 5,323 5,170 Total assets 649,938 578,946 Liabilities 28,220 23,773 Deposits and balances from customers 464,850 404,289 Derivatives 32,904 17,512 Other liabilities 22,074 20,907 Other liabilities 33,377 3,538 Total liabilities 595,95 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Abare capital <th>In \$ millions</th> <th>2020</th> <th>2019</th>	In \$ millions	2020	2019
Government securities and treasury bills 51,700 49,729 Due from banks 50,867 39,336 Derivatives 31,108 17,235 Bank and corporate securities 65,456 63,746 Loans and advances to customers 371,171 357,884 Other assets 371,171 357,884 Associates 862 835 Properties and other fixed assets 3,338 3,225 Goodwill and intangibles 5,323 5,170 Total assets 649,938 578,946 Liabilities 28,220 23,773 Deposits and balances from customers 464,850 404,289 Derivatives 32,904 17,512 Other labilities 32,904 17,512 Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 4,397 4,102 Other equity instruments	Assets		
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Derivatives 31,108 17,235 Bank and corporate securities 65,456 63,746 Loans and advances to customers 371,171 357,884 Other assets 19,495 15,424 Associates 862 835 Properties and other fixed assets 3,338 3,225 Goodwill and intangibles 5,323 5,170 Total assets 649,938 578,946 Liabilities 28,220 23,773 Due to banks 28,220 23,773 Deposits and balances from customers 464,850 404,289 Derivatives 32,904 17,512 Other liabilities 22,074 20,907 Other edbt securities 43,277 57,128 Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity 10,942 10,948 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Other reserves 35,886 33,922 </td <td>Government securities and treasury bills</td> <td>51,700</td> <td>49,729</td>	Government securities and treasury bills	51,700	49,729
Bank and corporate securities 65,456 63,746 Loans and advances to customers 371,171 357,884 Other assets 19,495 15,424 Associates 862 835 Properties and other fixed assets 3,338 3,225 Goodwill and intangibles 5,323 5,170 Total assets 649,938 578,946 Liabilities 28,220 23,773 Deposits and balances from customers 464,850 404,289 Derivatives 32,904 17,512 Other liabilities 22,074 20,907 Other debt securities 43,277 57,128 Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 35,886 33,920 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17	Due from banks	50,867	39,336
Loans and advances to customers 371,171 357,884 Other assets 19,495 15,424 Associates 862 835 Properties and other fixed assets 3,338 3,225 Goodwill and intangibles 5,323 5,170 Total assets 649,938 578,946 Liabilities 28,220 23,773 De to banks 28,220 23,773 Deposits and balances from customers 464,850 404,289 Derivatives 32,904 17,512 Other labilities 22,074 20,907 Other debt securities 43,277 57,128 Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity 10,942 10,948 Other requity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other requity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,109 Alary 4,109 4,109	Derivatives	31,108	17,235
Other assets 19,495 15,424 Associates 862 835 Properties and other fixed assets 3,338 3,225 Goodwill and intangibles 5,323 5,170 Total assets 649,938 578,946 Liabilities 28,220 23,773 Due to banks 28,220 23,773 Deposits and balances from customers 464,850 404,289 Derivatives 32,904 17,512 Other liabilities 22,074 20,907 Other debt securities 43,277 57,128 Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity 5 3,401 2,009 Cher equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981	Bank and corporate securities	•	
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Properties and other fixed assets 3,338 3,225 Goodwill and intangibles 5,323 5,170 Total assets 649,938 578,946 Liabilities 2 22,074 23,773 Due to banks 28,220 23,773 24,289 24,289 24,289 24,294 17,512 24,294 24,299 25,294 27,128 22,074 20,907 20,907 20,007	Other assets	19,495	15,424
Goodwill and intangibles 5,323 5,170 Total assets 649,938 578,946 Liabilities 28,220 23,773 Due to banks 28,220 23,773 Deposits and balances from customers 464,850 404,289 Derivatives 32,904 17,512 Other liabilities 22,074 20,907 Other debt securities 43,277 57,128 Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity 54,643 51,799 Equity 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818		862	
Total assets 649,938 578,946 Liabilities 28,220 23,773 Due to banks 28,220 23,773 Deposits and balances from customers 464,850 404,289 Derivatives 32,904 17,512 Other liabilities 22,074 20,907 Other debt securities 43,277 57,128 Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity 54,643 51,799 Equity 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818	·		
Liabilities Z8,220 23,773 Due to banks 28,220 23,773 Deposits and balances from customers 464,850 404,289 Derivatives 32,904 17,512 Other liabilities 22,074 20,907 Other debt securities 43,277 57,128 Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818	Goodwill and intangibles	5,323	5,170
Due to banks 28,220 23,773 Deposits and balances from customers 464,850 404,289 Derivatives 32,904 17,512 Other liabilities 22,074 20,907 Other debt securities 43,277 57,128 Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity Share capital 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818	Total assets	649,938	578,946
Due to banks 28,220 23,773 Deposits and balances from customers 464,850 404,289 Derivatives 32,904 17,512 Other liabilities 22,074 20,907 Other debt securities 43,277 57,128 Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity Share capital 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818	11-1-19-1		
Deposits and balances from customers 464,850 404,289 Derivatives 32,904 17,512 Other liabilities 22,074 20,907 Other debt securities 43,277 57,128 Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity Share capital 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818		20.220	22.772
Derivatives 32,904 17,512 Other liabilities 22,074 20,907 Other debt securities 43,277 57,128 Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity 54,643 51,799 Share capital 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818		•	,
Other liabilities 22,074 20,907 Other debt securities 43,277 57,128 Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity Share capital 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818		•	
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Subordinated term debts 3,970 3,538 Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity Share capital 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818			
Total liabilities 595,295 527,147 Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity Share capital 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818			
Net assets 54,643 51,799 Equity Share capital 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818			
Equity Share capital 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818	Total liabilities	595,295	527,147
Share capital 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818	Net assets	54,643	51,799
Share capital 10,942 10,948 Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818	Equity		
Other equity instruments 3,401 2,009 Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818		10.942	10,948
Other reserves 4,397 4,102 Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818			
Revenue reserves 35,886 33,922 Shareholders' funds 54,626 50,981 Non-controlling interests 17 818			
Shareholders' funds54,62650,981Non-controlling interests17818	Revenue reserves	35,886	
	Shareholders' funds	54,626	
	Non-controlling interests	17	818
		54,643	51,799

Audited Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Attributable to shareholders of the Company						
		Other				Non-	
	Share	equity	Other	Revenue	Shareholders'	controlling	Total
In \$ millions	Capital	instruments	reserves	reserves	funds	interests	equity
2020							
Balance at 1 January	10,948	2,009	4,102	33,922	50,981	818	51,799
Purchase of treasury shares	(447)	-	-	-	(447)	-	(447)
Draw-down of reserves upon vesting							
of performance shares	162	-	(164)	-	(2)	-	(2)
Issue of perpetual capital securities	-	1,392	-	-	1,392	-	1,392
Redemption of preference shares							
issued by a subsidiary	-	-	-	(1)	(1)	(799)	(800)
Cost of share-based payments	-	-	131	-	131	-	131
Issue of shares pursuant to Scrip							
Dividend Scheme	279	-	-	(279)	-	-	-
Dividends paid to shareholders(a)	-	-	-	(2,411)	(2,411)	-	(2,411)
Dividends paid to non-controlling							
interests	-	-	-	-	-	(38)	(38)
Change in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Total comprehensive income	-	-	328	4,655	4,983	35	5,018
Balance at 31 December	10,942	3,401	4,397	35,886	54,626	17	54,643
2019							
Balance at 1 January	10,898	2,812	3,701	31,634	49,045	830	49,875
Impact of adopting SFRS(I) 16 on							
1 January	-	-	-	(95)	(95)		(95)
Balance at 1 January after adoption	10,898	2,812	3,701	31,539	48,950	830	49,780
of SFRS(I) 16							
Purchase of treasury shares	(114)	-	-	-	(114)	-	(114)
Draw-down of reserves upon vesting							
of performance shares	164	-	(164)	-	-	-	-
Cost of share-based payments	-	-	120	-	120	-	120
Dividends paid to shareholders(a)	-	-	-	(3,931)	(3,931)	-	(3,931)
Dividends paid to non-controlling							
interests	-	-	-	-	-	(38)	(38)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(13)	(13)
Redemption of perpetual capital securities							
issued by the Company	-	(803)		(2)	(805)	-	(805)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	445	6,316	6,761	39	6,800
Balance at 31 December	10,948	2,009	4,102	33,922	50,981	818	51,799

⁽a) Includes distributions paid on capital securities classified as equity (2020: \$100 million; 2019: \$96 million)

Audited Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

In \$ millions	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before tax	5,368	7,583
Adjustments for non-cash and other items:		
Allowances for credit and other losses	3,066	703
Depreciation of properties and other fixed assets	648	609
Share of profits or losses of associates	(61)	(50)
Net loss on disposal, net of write-off of properties and other		
fixed assets	38	26
Net income from investment securities	(963)	(334)
Cost of share-based payments	131	120
Interest expense on subordinated term debts	64	76
Interest expense on lease liabilities	28	29
Profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	8,319	8,762
Increase/ (Decrease) in:		
Due to banks	4,246	1,304
Deposits and balances from customers	57,164	10,908
Other liabilities	16,160	1,349
Other debt securities and borrowings	(14,250)	11,492
(Increase)/ Decrease in:		
Restricted balances with central banks	(1,818)	1,502
Government securities and treasury bills	(379)	(2,476)
Due from banks	(11,465)	678
Bank and corporate securities	(1,340)	(5,149)
Loans and advances to customers	(13,460)	(14,269)
Other assets	(17,108)	(2,280)
Tax paid	(1,188)	(635)
Net cash generated from operating activities (1)	24,881	11,186
Cash flows from investing activities		
Dividends from associates	31	29
Proceeds from disposal of interest in associates	-	21
Proceeds from disposal of properties and other fixed assets	8	2
Purchase of properties and other fixed assets	(547)	(586)
Cash and cash equivalents acquired from Lakshmi Vilas Bank	93	-
Net cash used in investing activities (2)	(415)	(534)

Audited Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

In \$ millions	2020	2019
Cash flows from financing activities		
Issue of perpetual capital securities	1,392	-
Interest paid on subordinated term debts	(66)	(76)
Redemption of preference shares issued by a subsidiary	(800)	-
Redemption of perpetual capital securities issued by the Company	-	(805)
Purchase of treasury shares	(447)	(114)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(38)	(38)
Dividends paid to shareholders of the Company, net of scrip dividends ^(a)	(2,411)	(3,931)
Change in non-controlling interests	1	(13)
Net cash used in financing activities (3)	(2,369)	(4,977)
Exchange translation adjustments (4)	170	39
Net change in cash and cash equivalents (1)+(2)+(3)+(4)	22,267	5,714
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	19,935	14,221
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	42,202	19,935

⁽a) Includes distributions paid on capital securities classified as equity

Other Information

1. Capital Adequacy

In \$ millions	2020	2019
Common Equity Tier 1 capital	44,786	42,870
Tier 1 capital	48,188	45,460
Total capital	53,937	50,693
Risk-Weighted Assets	321,096	303,771
Capital Adequacy Ratio ^(a) (%)		
Common Equity Tier 1	13.9	14.1
Tier 1	15.0	15.0
Total	16.8	16.7

⁽a) The Group's capital adequacy ratios have been subject to an external limited assurance review, pursuant to the MAS Notice 609 "Auditor's Report and Additional Information to be submitted with Annual Accounts"

2. Dividends

For the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Directors have recommended a final one-tier tax exempt dividend of 18 cents for each DBSH ordinary share ("FY20 Final Dividend") to which the DBSH Scrip Dividend Scheme will be applied, subject to shareholders' approval at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 30 March 2021.

Details of the proposed dividends, along with interim ones paid during the course of the financial year, are as follows:

In \$ millions	2020*	2019
DBSH Ordinary shares		
Interim one-tier tax exempt dividend of 69 cents (2019: 90 cents)	1,752	2,300
Final one-tier tax exempt dividend of 18 cents (2019: 33 cents)	459	838
·	2,211	3,138

^{*} The reduction in dividends for 2020 is in line with MAS' guidance issued on 29 July 2020 for local banks to moderate the dividends for financial year

DBS Bank Ltd

Audited Income Statement

For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	В	ank
In \$ millions	2020	2019
Interest income	9,201	12,450
Interest expense	2,761	5,441
Net interest income	6,440	7,009
Net fee and commission income	2,140	2,114
Net trading income	938	1,053
Net income from investment securities	858	306
Other income	387	817
Non-interest income	4,323	4,290
Total income	10,763	11,299
Employee benefits	2,177	2,242
Other expenses	1,704	1,709
Total expenses	3,881	3,951
Profit before allowances	6,882	7,348
Allowances for credit and other losses	2,323	262
Profit before tax	4,559	7,086
Income tax expense	408	871
Net profit attributable to shareholders	4,151	6,215

DBS Bank Ltd

Audited Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Ва	nk
In \$ millions	2020	2019
Net profit	4,151	6,215
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement:		
Translation differences for foreign operations	(13)	(90)
Gains/ (losses) on debt instruments classified at fair value		
through other comprehensive income and others		
Net valuation taken to equity	879	705
Transferred to income statement	(478)	(321)
Taxation relating to components of other comprehensive income	(10)	(35)
Item that will not be reclassified to income statement:		
Gains/ (losses) on equity instruments classified at fair value		
through other comprehensive income (net of tax)	(240)	120
Fair value change from own credit risk on financial liabilities		
designated at fair value (net of tax)	25	(63)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	163	316
Total comprehensive income attributable to shareholders	4,314	6,531

DBS Bank Ltd

Audited Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2020

	Bank	
In \$ millions	2020	2019
Assets		
Cash and balances with central banks	39,388	19,771
Government securities and treasury bills	36,682	37,142
Due from banks	44,643	33,933
Derivatives	27,959	15,255
Bank and corporate securities	59,944	59,560
Loans and advances to customers	302,587	296,906
Other assets	14,936	11,359
Associates	186	186
Subsidiaries	31,860	31,967
Due from holding company	911	-
Properties and other fixed assets	1,849	1,816
Goodwill and intangibles	334	334
Total assets	561,279	508,229
Liabilities		
Due to banks	23,586	10 71 7
	-	18,712
Deposits and balances from customers Derivatives	350,079 29.537	298,836
Other liabilities	•	15,455
	16,800	15,113
Other debt securities	38,081	51,041
Due to holding company	6,031	4,695
Due to subsidiaries	48,288	57,649
Total liabilities	512,402	461,501
Net assets	48,877	46,728
Equity		
Share capital	24,452	24,452
Other equity instruments	4,209	2,813
Other reserves	264	38
Revenue reserves	19,952	19,425
Shareholders' funds	48,877	46,728
Total equity	48,877	46,728

Other Information

1. Capital Adequacy of DBS Bank Ltd. and its subsidiaries

Capital Adequacy Ratios (%)	2020	2019
Common Equity Tier 1	13.8	14.0
Tier 1	15.1	15.1
Total	16.9	16.9